## **COURSE OUTLINE**

## (1) General information

<u> </u>				
FACULTY/SCHOOL	TECHNOLOGY			
DEPARTMENT	ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES			
LEVEL OF STUDY	Undergraduate			
COURSE UNIT CODE	NEW COURSE	SEMESTER		6th
COURSE TITLE	WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES in case credits are awarded for separate components/parts of the course, e.g. in lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If credits are awarded for the entire course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			WEEKLY TEACHNG HOURS	CREDITS
	THEORETICAL	BACKGROUND	4	5
	LABORATORY PRACTICE		-	-
TOTAL		4	5	
COURSE TYPE Background knowledge, Scientific expertise, General Knowledge, Skills Development	Background knowledge			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	No			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION & EXAMINATION/ASSESSMENT:	Greek			
THE COURSE IS OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

# (2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

#### Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate (certain) level, which students will acquire upon successful completion of the course, are described in detail. It is necessary to consult:

#### APPENDIX A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each level of study, in accordance with the European Higher Education Qualifications' Framework.
- Descriptive indicators for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and

### APPENDIX B

Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The aim of the course is to acquaint students with the basics of water resources management. Increasing pressure in the aquatic environment necessitates the implementation of sustainable water resources development and management policies, through the design, implementation and optimal operation of infrastructure projects and management interventions in both supply and demand, eg through austerity measures and reuse.

A rational development policy must also take into account the management of extreme phenomena and crises such as water shortages and floods, but also longer-term environmental goals, such as long-term protection of water and related ecosystems, quality improvement and their ecological status and of course the gradual reduction of discarded pollutants and the gradual elimination of toxic waste. The students learn how to design water resources management projects, to calculate a water volumetric budget, to design water resources management plans at basin level.

#### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that students/graduates must acquire (as those are described in the Diploma Supplement and are mentioned below), at which of the following does the course attendance aim?

Search for. analysis and synthesis of data and information by the use of appropriate technologies, Adapting to new situations Decision-making Individual/Independent work Group/Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Introduction of innovative research

Project planning and management Respect for diversity and multiculturalism Environmental awareness Social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Critical thinking Development of free, creative and inductive thinking (Other......citizenship, spiritual freedom, social awareness, altruism etc.) .....

- - Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information by the use of appropriate technologies,
  - Decision-making
  - Individual/Independent work
  - Group/Team work
  - Environmental awareness
  - Critical thinking
  - Development of free, creative and inductive thinking

# (3) COURSE CONTENT

- 1. Introduction: Concepts, methodology, sizes Water resources management framework in Greece
- 2. Water resources and development projects
- 3. Water usage and restrictions
- 4. Introduction to the analysis of water resources systems
- 5. Environmental aspects of water resources management Institutional framework
- 6. Assess and manage uncertainty with simulation techniques
- 7. Sustainable development and management of water in a state of uncertainty
- 8. Polyclinic analysis
- 9. Decision support systems for water resources management problems
- 10. Combined water and energy management

- 11. Hydronomer Software: Methodological framework and applications
- 13. Drought management Persistent drought of the years 1987-1994

# (4) TEACHING METHODS-ASSESSMENT

MODES OF DELIVERY	Lectures			
Face-to-face, in-class lecturing,	<ul> <li>Semester projects - homework</li> </ul>			
distance teaching and distance				
learning etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	<ul> <li>Powerpoint presentation.</li> </ul>			
COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY	e-mail communication.			
Use of ICT in teaching, Laboratory	e-class theory and exercises			
Education, Communication with				
students				
COURSE DESIGN	Activity/Method	Semester workload		
Description of teaching techniques,	Lectures	39		
practices and methods:	Workshop	13		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Laboratory work	_		
practice, fieldwork, study and	Theory study	43		
analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Weekly individual			
Internship, Art Workshop,	evaluation reports for	20		
Interactive teaching, Educational	laboratory exercises	20		
visits, projects, Essay writing, Artistic		10		
creativity, etc.	Field exercise	10		
	Course total	125		
The study hours for each learning	(25 hours of workload per	125		
activity as well as the hours of self-	credit unit)			
directed study are given following				
the principles of the ECTS.				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE				
EVALUATION/ASSESSMENT				
METHODS				
Detailed description of the	<ul> <li>Final examinations</li> <li>Students should watch at least half seminars</li> </ul>			
evaluation procedures:				
	<ul> <li>Work will be given during the</li> </ul>	e semester to be assessed at a		
Language of evaluation, assessment	rate of 30% on the final grade.			
methods, formative or summative				
(conclusive), multiple choice tests,	<u>Final Grade</u>			
short- answer questions, open-	70% in Final Exams + 30% in th	he semester projects		
ended questions, problem solving,				
written work, essay/report, oral				
exam, presentation, laboratory work, otheretc.				
WOIK, UITETELC.				
Specifically, defined evaluation				
criteria are stated, as well as if and				
where they are accessible by the students.				
ctudoptc				

# (5) SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY:

# -<u>Suggested bibliography</u>

• Grigg, N. S., Water Resources Management, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1996.

•Loucks, D.P., E. van Beek, J.R. Stedinger, J.P.M. Dijkman, Water Resources Systems Planning and Management, An Introduction to Methods, Models and Applications, Studies and Reports in Hydrology, UNESCO Publishing, 680 pages, Paris, 2005.

•Mays, L. W., and Y.-K. Tung, Hydrosystems Engineering and Management, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1992

## -<u>Complementary bibliography</u>

Teacher's notes and the full lecture material, which are available through the asynchronous education platform