



COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Technology				
ACADEMIC UNIT	Department of Environmental Sciences				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate				
COURSE CODE	AY106		SEMESTER	1st	
COURSE TITLE	ENVIRONMENTAL GEOLOGY				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIV	INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES		LY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
Teaching Hours			4	5	
COURSE TYPE	General Background				
PREREQUISITE COURSES	None				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eclass.uth.gr/courses/ENV U 122				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The aim and objective of this Geology course is the clear and comprehensible presentation, description and analysis of the basic concepts and fundamental laws and principles that govern the discipline, so that students acquire the necessary basic geological knowledge and the ability to apply it to the whole range of geotechnical and environmental sciences. Environmental geology is concerned with the study of the environmental impacts (soil, water and air pollution) associated with geological processes within and on the Earth's surface, and with the impacts associated with projects and activities (refuse, sewage, wastes, toxic substances, mining and quarrying waste, overexploitation of natural and mineral resources, etc.). Environmental geology is the branch of geology that deals with the application of geological information to minimize environmental impacts and maximize potential favourable conditions resulting from the use of the natural environment. In a broader sense, environmental geology is the branch of geology is the branc

Upon successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

- Macroscopically identify a rock.
- Understand the physical processes taking place in the environment.
- Distinguish geological formations in nature.
- Comprehend the natural geology of the earth.
- Distinguish tectonic elements in nature.
- Understand the use and suitability of different geological formations for environmental projects.
- Understand the importance of geological formations in terms of deposits.
- Use the knowledge and skills acquired to prepare geotechnical studies.
- Comprehend the interactions between people and geological processes.
- Understand the environmental issues of the past, present and future and how they affect the earth and our society.

General Competences

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work
- Respect for the natural environment
- Criticism and self-criticism
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

- Introduction to Earth's features: the Earth system.
- The Earth's system (structure composition).
- Petrogenetic minerals.
- Rocks (igneous, sedimentary, metamorphic).
- Geological cycle.
- Exogenous forces: Effect of water, ice, seas and wind.
- Earth's evolution (fossils, rock deformation, erosion).
- Geological Sources Karst phenomena.
- Geodynamic phenomena: earthquakes, volcanoes.
- Mineral resources (ores, energy quarrying industrial minerals).
- Geological structures Geological maps: ground subsurface survey tools, geological surfaces geological lines.
- Reading topographic maps, main characters topographic map illustration, map reading, topographic maps and geological geomorphological information, drawing a topographic section.
- Elements of Geology and Geodynamics of Greece.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS – EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face				
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	 Use of PowerPoint slides View material in video Communication with students via e-mail Use of asynchronous distance learning (e-class) 				
TEACHING METHODS		Activity	Semester workload		
		Lectures	50		
		Study and analysis of bibliography	50		
		Written work	25		
		Course total	125		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Students' performance is evaluated in the Greek language. The final				
EVALUATION	grade is determined by:				
	 A written exam (at the end of the semester) that contributes 70% to the final grade, applying one or more of the following evaluation methods: Multiple choice questions, short-answer questions, problem solving. The elaboration of an individual or group written project, in the 2nd half of the semester, which forms 30% of the final grade. The written project may be presented by the students in class. 				
	Final Grade = 70% Exam Grade + 30% Written project grade				

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Evelpidou, N. (2020) *Geomorphology*. Thessaloniki: TZIOLA Publications (in Greek) ISBN: 978-960-418-605-1.
- Kokkinou, E. (2015) *Environmental geology and geotechnology*. Kallipos Repository- Open Academic Editions., <u>www.kallipos.gr</u> . (in Greek) ISBN: 978-960-603-036-9.
- Rodogianni-Tsiambaou, Th. (2023) *Geology* (2nd edition) Thessaloniki: TZIOLA Publications. (in Greek) ISBN: 9789604189908.
- Savvidis, S. (2019) *Environmental Technical Geology* (1st edition) Alexandrosikebooks. (in Greek) ISBN: 978-618-84448-4-3.